

E1.3 Community Agreement Report: Bridge 18 and 19 Retaining Walls – EPL 21766 Revision A - Coffs Harbour Bypass

FERROVIAL GAMUDA JOINT VENTURE



VERSION CONTROL

Revision	Date	Description
Α	14/03/2024	Submission to EPA
В	15/03/2024	Redacted version for website with receiver addresses removed.
С	5/04/2024	Update to include Bridge 18 Works. Re-submission to EPA.
D	1/05/2024	Redacted version for website with receiver addresses removed.
E		

CONTENTS

1	Purpose	3
2	Proposed OOHW	4
2.1	Justification	4
3	Noise Sensitive Receivers	4
4	Consultation Summary	4
5	Community response & Consent Rates	5
6	Noise Validation monitoring plan	5
Attacl	hment A – Noise Assessment Reports	8
Attacl	hment B – Community Agreement Letter	9
Attack	hment C – Noise Verification Monitoring for Bridge 19	12

TABLES

Table 1: EPL Requirements	. 3
Table 2: Predicted Noise Impact Summary	. 4
Table 3: Community Agreement Summary	. 5
Table 4: Noise Sensitive Receiver Consultation and Consent	. 6

FIGURES

Figure 1: Pro	posed monitoring locations7
---------------	-----------------------------



1 PURPOSE

This report details the consultation undertaken by Ferrovial Gamuda Joint Venture (FGJV) to obtain community agreement for out of hours works (OOHW) for the Bridge 18 and 19 retaining walls in the future Korora Hill Interchange.

This report has been prepared in accordance with EPL Condition E1.3 as detailed in Table 1 below.

TABLE 1: EPL REQUIREMENTS

Ref	Condition Requirement	Where Addressed
E1.3	The licensee must report to the EPA the community consultation and agreement process that was undertaken with the Community Affected Catchments. This report to the EPA must be:	This Report
	a) prepared in writing;	
	b) detail the steps taken to fulfil the requirements of condition E1.2;	Section 4
	c) demonstrate that the Noise Sensitive Receivers understood the nature of the works and any predicted impacts, including that consideration was made of additional requirements relevant to the needs of culturally and linguistically diverse Noise Sensitive Receivers;	Section 4
	d) provide the script used during the community consultation with Noise	Section 4
	Sensitive Receivers;	Attachment A
	e) report community response and consent rates (including where no contact could be made) against the total community affected catchments, and must be broken down into response and consent rates based on sub-catchments that are delineated by affectation levels;	Section 5
	f) include a noise validation monitoring plan as required by E2.1; and	Section 6
		Attachment D
	g) be submitted to the EPA at least 15 business days prior to any works that are the subject of the agreement being undertaken unless prior arrangements have been made with the EPA.	Noted.
	A copy of the report must be:	Noted. Following
	a) kept by the licensee for the duration of this licence including on the premises, and made available to an EPA authorised officer on request; and	EPA agreement, a copy of this report will be uploaded to the Project website.
	b) be made available on the licensee's project website or another website approved in writing by the EPA for the duration of the OOHWs permitted under condition E1.1. (Personal details of Noise Sensitive Receivers must be omitted).	the Froject website.



2 PROPOSED OOHW

In accordance with EPL Condition E1, FGJV has sought community agreement from noise sensitive receivers to undertake OOHW to construct the retaining walls at Bridge 18 and 19 on Saturdays between 7am and 8am, and 1pm to 6pm.

Construction activities associated with the proposed retaining walls at Bridge 18 and 19 includes:

- Material backfill and compaction using a front end loader, skid steer, plate compactor and smooth drum roller. A water cart will also be intermittently used during compaction and to suppress dust.
- Installation of retaining wall pre-cast panels with a franna crane
- Securing of panels and straps with hand tools.

2.1 JUSTIFICATION

The bridge works described above are the critical path for the opening completion of the CHB Project. It must be completed on time to enable the first traffic switch (Stage 1B), which will divert local traffic from Bruxner Park Road and unlock the critical path plug works for the new Northbound off ramp. These critical path plug works in turn drives the first major critical path traffic switch (Stage 2A).

Currently the construction of Bridge 18 and 19 has slipped in program due mainly to wet weather over the past few months. Therefore, extended working hours on Saturdays will help FGJV to complete these works and switch traffic on time without delaying future major traffic switches and the overall Project program.

3 NOISE SENSITIVE RECEIVERS

Detailed noise impact assessments were undertaken using the Project's Noise Model Noisecheck to identify noise sensitive receivers predicted to experience noise levels above the daytime OOH noise management level (NML) and agreement would need to be sought from. Works at both bridge locations were modelled together to represent worst-case cumulative impacts.

Two scenarios were modelled and found that worst-case noise impacts are predicted to occur during backfill and compaction works. The Noise Assessment Reports for this scenario is provided in Attachment A.

Note: Three residential receivers located on Bruxer Park Road currently do not show up in NoiseCheck. For these properties, the TfNSW Noise Estimator Tool was used to predicted noise impacts for the proposed OOHW.

Worst-case noise impacts are summarised in Table 2 and a more detailed breakdown at each receiver address is provided in Table 4.

Noise Category	dBA above NML	Northern portal affected receivers	Mitigation
Noticeable	<5	5	-
Clearly Audible	5 to 15	11	N, R1, DR
Moderately Intrusive	15 to 25	0	V, N, R1, DR
Highly Intrusive	>25	0	V, IB, N, R1, DR, PC, SN

TABLE 2: PREDICTED NOISE IMPACT SUMMARY

4 CONSULTATION SUMMARY

All noise sensitive receivers were doorknocked and/or contacted via email which detailed the Project's request for community agreement (refer to Attachment B). This written agreement also formed the script used during the consultation and included the following details:



- Description of the different construction activities proposed consistent with Section 2 above;
- Proposal for OOHW on Saturdays between 7am and 8am, and 1pm and 6pm;
- Map showing the location of the proposed works;
- Summary of the noise levels predicted consistent with Section 3 above;
- Mitigation measures to minimise impacts;
- Receiver's ability to withdraw agreement at any stage during the works; and
- Project contact details.

Eleven of the 16 noise sensitive receivers responded to the Project regarding this Agreement. Of these, only one chose not to sign the Agreement. Despite three attempts to make contact, five receivers did not respond. For one of those receivers (i.e. the occupier of the house), agreement was received from the owner of the property.

5 COMMUNITY RESPONSE & CONSENT RATES

Contact was made and consultation undertaken with 13 of the 16 noise sensitive receivers (81 percent). Three attempts to contact the remaining three receivers was made, however no response was able to be obtained. Note: The property owner of one of the houses that did not respond did provide their agreement.

As detailed in Table 3, agreement to undertake proposed Bridge 19 OOHW was 63 percent, which constitutes a substantial majority.

A more detailed breakdown of the consultation undertaken with each receiver and their response is provided in Table 4

TABLE 3: COMMUNITY AGREEMENT SUMMARY

Work Area	Total Affected	Agreemen	t Received	Agreem Rece	ent Not eived	No Response Received (Occupier)	
	Receivers	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Bridge 18 and 19	16	10	63	1	6	5	31

6 NOISE VALIDATION MONITORING PLAN

Noise validation monitoring of the proposed OOHW will be undertaken in accordance with the Project's approved Construction Noise and Vibration Monitoring Program (Appendix 7 of the Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan).

As detailed in Revision A of this report, noise monitoring was proposed during OOHW at Bridge 19 at a location/s representative of the worst-affected sensitive receivers. Indicative monitoring locations (yellow circles) are shown in Figure 1 below.

Following approval of Revision A of this report, verification monitoring was completed on 23/03/2024 (refer to Attachment C). Results showed that actual noise levels for backfill and compaction works are below the approved noise impacts predicted by the model and detailed within this report. No additional monitoring is proposed.

TABLE 4: NOISE SENSITIVE RECEIVER CONSULTATION AND CONSENT

					Worst-Ca	se Impacts	Consultation Summary			
No.	No. NCA NML		Work Area	Prediction (dBA)	Exceedance	Noise Category	Contact Made?	Consultation Undertaken	Agreement Obtained?	
1	23	48	Bridge 18 and 19	58	10	Clearly Audible	Yes	Phone call (did not want to meet)	Yes (Verbally)	
2	20	40	Bridge 18 and 19	54	14	Clearly Audible	Yes	Email and SMS (did not want to meet)	No	
3	23	48	Bridge 18 and 19	57	9	Clearly Audible	No	Email, two doorknocks, two letterbox drops and two emails with the Agreement to property manager	No response from tenant Received Yes agreement from property owner	
4	23	48	Bridge 18 and 19	58	10	Clearly Audible	Yes	Email, Doorknock	Yes	
5	23	48	Bridge 18 and 19	54	6	Clearly Audible	Yes	Email	Yes	
6	23	48	Bridge 18 and 19	51	3	Noticeable	Yes	Phone call and email	Yes	
7	23	48	Bridge 18	52	4	Noticeable	Yes	Two emails and one phone call	No response	
8	24	53	Bridge 18	57	4	Noticeable	Yes	Email, Doorknock and phone call	Yes (Verbally)	
9	24	53	Bridge 18	56	3	Noticeable	No	Two doorknocks, email and phone call.	No response	
10	23	48	Bridge 18	51	3	Noticeable	Yes	Email	Yes	
11	24	53	Bridge 18	55	2	Noticeable	No	Email and two doorknocks	No response	
12	24	53	Bridge 18	55	2	Noticeable	Yes	Email and doorknock	Yes (via email)	
13	20	40	Bridge 18	42	2	Noticeable	Yes	Three emails and one phone call	No response	
14	24	53	Bridge 18	54	1	Noticeable	Yes	Doorknock	Yes	
15	24	53	Bridge 18	54	1	Noticeable	Yes	Three Doorknocks	Yes (verbally)	
16	24	53	Bridge 18	54	1	Noticeable	Yes	Email, Doorknock	Yes (via email)	



COFFS HARBOUR **team**



FIGURE 1: PROPOSED MONITORING LOCATIONS

ATTACHMENT A – NOISE ASSESSMENT REPORTS

Noise Assessment Report - Bridge 18 & 19 Retaining Walls, Day OOH

Date: 07/03/24

Created by: Anna Burke

1. Introduction

This report presents a noise assessment of bridge 18 & 19 retaining walls construction activity which is proposed to occur during the day ooh period (RMS CNVG OOHW1). This report presents the proposed activities, noise prediction results, an assessment against RMS CNVG requirements and details proposed noise management and mitigation measures.

2. Method

NoiseCheck is a 'front-end' 3-D noise prediction platform which adopts a database of predictions that are generated in third party proprietary software which conforms to ISO9613 Acoustics - Attenuation of Sound During Propagation Outdoors - Part 2: General Method of Calculation implemented to ISO/TR 17534-3:2015 requirements. The predictions consider source to receiver distance and height and the noise attenuation provided by ground and air absorption, topography, surrounding buildings and other solid objects and permanent noise barriers (where applicable). The typical height of plant and equipment is 2m. The noise predictions at surrounding single and double storey properties apply at 1.5m at the most affected facade. Predictions for apartment buildings with greater than two storeys apply at the worst affected floor and facade. This assessment presents the total LAeq noise level from all activities.

3. Works description

The work activities that have been assessed are shown in Figure 1. Details of the activities are provided in Table 1. All noise levels referenced are in dBA, Leq,15minutes.

Figure 1. Location of modelled plant and equipment

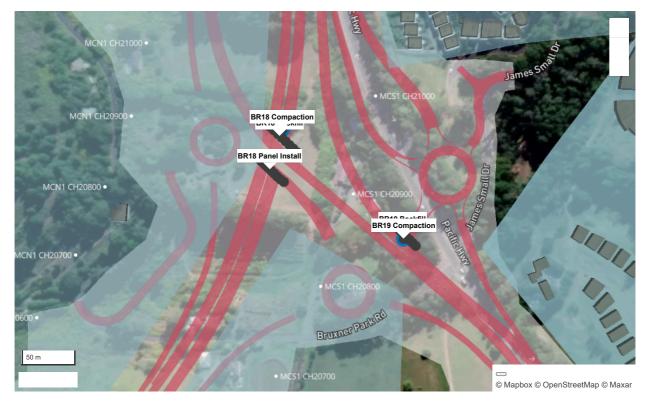


Table 1. Summary of modelled plant and equipment

Name	List of equipment	Duration	Sound power level	Annoyance penalty	Mitigation	Mitigation reduction	Notes
4 BR19 Backfill	Smooth drum roller , Water cart, Front end Ioader	75%	114 dBA	0, 0, 0 dBA		0 dBA	
BR19 Compaction	Vibratory Plate (Petrol)	50%	111 dBA	0 dBA		0 dBA	
BR18 Panel Install	Franna crane 20t, Hand tools (electric)	60%	101 dBA	0, 0 dBA		0 dBA	
4 BR18 Backfill	Skidsteer Loaders (approx. 1 tonne) , Smooth drum roller	75%	111 dBA	0, 0 dBA		0 dBA	
BR18 Compaction	Vibratory Plate (Petrol)	50%	111 dBA	0 dBA		0 dBA	

Static noise 🕹 Moving noise (continuous)

4. Results

00HW1 🗸 🕄

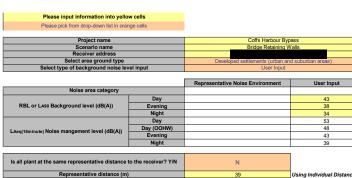
Based on the activities detailed above, noise levels above the NMLs have been predicted at several properties. The number of properties which exceed the NML for each land use surrounding the site are provided in the table below.

Table 2. Summary of predicted potential impacts at all surrounding land uses

Land use	Noticeable	Clearly audible	Moderately intrusive	Highly intrusive
	-	N, R1, DR	V, N, R1, DR	V, N, R1, DR
Residential	67	7	0	0

Transport for NSW

Noise Estimator (Individual Plant)



Steps: 1. Enter project name (cell C9). 2. Enter scenario name (cell C10).

Enter receiver address (cell C11).
 Select area ground type (cell C12) - water, undeveloped green fields (e.g. rural areas with isolated dwellings) or developed settlements (e.g. urban and suburban areas)

4. Select area ground type (cell (12) - water, undeveloped green helds (e.g. rural areas with solated dwellings) of developed settlements (e.g. urban and suburban areas)
 5. Select the type of background notes level input - Representative noise environment (to make assumptions) or user input (where noise monitoring data is available):

 (a) where representative noise environment in selected - select the appropriate noise area category (cell C16). The worksheet titled "Representative Noise Environ." provides a number of examples to help select the noise area category.
 (b) where user input is selected - enter the measured background noise level for each time period (cells D17 to D19).
 (c) all plant at the same representative distance that receiver 3 select ' or N (cell C24);
 (c) where V is selected - enter the representative distance in cell C25.

(b) where N is selected - go to step #7
7. For the scenario (e.g. shallow excavation), select plant from the drop-down list in cells A28 to A47 (e.g. dump trucks + excavator).

(c) so use any approximation of the second s

Shielding

line of sight to receiver' drop-down list.

Identify and implement feasible and reasonable additional mitigation measures (see rows 63 to 65).
 Document a summary report detailing:

(a) project description (including location, duration, hours of work, construction methodology, plant , potentially impacted receivers, etc.).

(b) background noise levels.
(c) noise management levels .
(d) predicted noise levels for each time period.

(e) sleep disturbance affected distance for night works.
 (f) mitigation measures.

(g) team member responsible for implementing mitigation measures and managing noise and vibration. stances!

	Representative distance (m)		39	Using Individual Distanc
_				
	Type/ model plant (See Sources Sheet)	SWL LAeg (dB(A))	SPL @7m (dB(A))	Quantity

Type/ model plant (See Sources Sheet)	SWL LAeq (dB(A))	SPL @7m (dB(A))	Quantity			Quantity correction (dBA)	correction (dBA)	Distance used in calculation (m)	Contribution SPL (dB(A))
Front End Loader	113	88	0.75	345	Yes	-1	0	345	47
Vibratory Roller	107	82	0.75	345	Yes	-1	0	345	41
Water cart	108	83	0.75	345	Yes	-1	0	345	42
Vibroplates	114	89	0.5	345	Yes	-3	0	345	46
Light vehicles	103	78	0.2	332	Yes	-7	0	332	31
Light vehicles	103	78	0.2	332	Yes	-7	0	332	31
					Yes	0	0		-888
Mobile Crane	113	88	0.6	184	Yes	-2	0	184	53
Roller	111	86	0.75	184	Yes	-1	0	184	52
Vibroplates	114	89	0.5	190	Yes	-3	0	190	53
					Yes	0	0		-888
					Yes	0	0		-888
					Yes	0	0		-888
					Yes	0	0		-888
					Yes	0	0		-888
					Yes	0	0		-888
					Yes	0	0		-888
					Yes	0	0		-888
					Yes	0	0		-888
					Yes	0	0		-888

Total SPL LAeq(15minute) (dB(A)) 58

					Non-residential receivers				
		Residential receiver	Classroom at schools and other educational institutions	Hospital wards and operating theatres	Place of worship	Active recreation	Passive recreation	Industrial premise	Offices, retail outlets
	Standard hours	53	55	65	55	65	60	75	70
Noise Management Level (dB(A))	Day (OOHW)	48	55	65	55	65	60	75	70
Noise Management Level (ub(A))	OOHW Period 1	43		65	55	65	60	75	70
	OOHW Period 2	39		65	55			75	70
	Standard hours	15							
Level above background (dB(A))	Day (OOHW)	15							
	OOHW Period 1	20							
	OOHW Period 2	24							
	Standard hours	5	3		3				
Level above NML (dB(A))	Day (OOHW)	10	3		3				
	OOHW Period 1	15			3				
	OOHW Period 2	19			3				
	Standard Hours	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Additional mitigation measures	Day (OOHW)	N, R1, DR	-	-	-	-	-	•	-
Additional mitigation measures	OOHW Period 1	V, N, R1, DR		-	-	-	-	•	-
OOHW Pe		V, IB, N, PC, SN, R2, DR		-	N			-	-

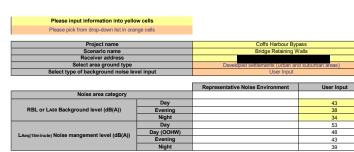
Abbreviation	Measure					
N	Notification					
SN	Specific notifications					
PC	Phone calls					
IB	Individual briefings					
RO	Respite offer					
R1	Respite period 1					
R2	Respite period 2					
DR	Duration respite					
AA	Alternative accommodation					
V	Verification					

BR19

Transport for NSW

Is all plant at the same representative distance to the receiver? Y/N

Noise Estimator (Individual Plant)



- Steps: 1. Enter project name (cell C9). 2. Enter scenario name (cell C10).

- Enter receiver address (cell C11).
 Select area ground type (cell C12) water, undeveloped green fields (e.g. rural areas with isolated dwellings) or developed settlements (e.g. urban and suburban areas)
- 4. Select area ground type (cell (12) water, undeveloped green helds (e.g. rural areas with solated dwellings) of developed settlements (e.g. urban and suburban areas)
 5. Select the type of background notes level input Representative noise environment (to make assumptions) or user input (where noise monitoring data is available):

 (a) where representative noise environment in selected select the appropriate noise area category (cell C16). The worksheet titled "Representative Noise Environ." provides a number of examples to help select the noise area category.
 (b) where user input is selected enter the measured background noise level for each time period (cells D17 to D19).
 (c) all plant at the same representative distance that receiver 3 select ' or N (cell C24);
 (c) where V is selected enter the representative distance in cell C25.

- (b) where N is selected go to step #7
 7. For the scenario (e.g. shallow excavation), select plant from the drop-down list in cells A28 to A47 (e.g. dump trucks + excavator).
- (c) so use any approximation of the second s
- line of sight to receiver' drop-down list.
- Identify and implement feasible and reasonable additional mitigation measures (see rows 63 to 65).
 Document a summary report detailing:

(a) project description (including location, duration, hours of work, construction methodology, plant , potentially impacted receivers, etc.).

- (b) background noise levels.
 (c) noise management levels .
 (d) predicted noise levels for each time period.
- (e) sleep disturbance affected distance for night works.
 (f) mitigation measures.

(g) team member responsible for implementing mitigation measures and managing noise and vibration.

Representative distance (m)

Using Individual Distances!

Ν

	Type/ model plant (See Sources Sheet)	SWL LAeq (dB(A))	SPL @7m (dB(A))	Quantity	receiver (m)		Quantity correction (dBA)	Shielding correction (dBA)	Distance used in calculation (m)	Contribution SPL (dB(A))
	Front End Loader	113	88	0.75	376	Yes	-1	0	376	46
	Vibratory Roller	107	82	0.75	376	Yes	-1	0	376	40
-	Water cart	108	83	0.75	376	Yes	-1	0	376	41
5	Vibroplates	114	89	0.5	376	Yes	-3	0	376	45
	Light vehicles	103	78	0.2	361	Yes	-7	0	361	30
	Light vehicles	103	78	0.2	361	Yes	-7	0	361	30
						Yes	0	0		-888
>	Mobile Crane	113	88	0.6	216	Yes	-2	0	216	51
-	Roller	111	86	0.75	206	Yes	-1	0	206	51
5	Vibroplates	114	89	0.5	206	Yes	-3	0	206	52
						Yes	0	0		-888
						Yes	0	0		-888
						Yes	0	0		-888
						Yes	0	0		-888
						Yes	0	0		-888
						Yes	0	0		-888
						Yes	0	0		-888
						Yes	0	0		-888
						Yes	0	0		-888
						Yes	0	0		-888

Total SPL LAeq(15minute) (dB(A)) 57

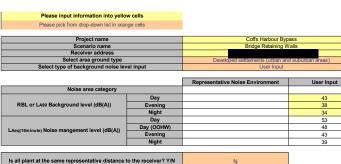
					Non-residential receivers				
		Residential receiver	Classroom at schools and other educational institutions	Hospital wards and operating theatres	Place of worship	Active recreation	Passive recreation	Industrial premise	Offices, retail outlets
	Standard hours	53	55	65	55	65	60	75	70
Noise Management Level (dB(A))	Day (OOHW)	48	55	65	55	65	60	75	70
Noise Management Level (ub(A))	OOHW Period 1	43		65	55	65	60	75	70
	OOHW Period 2	39		65	55			75	70
	Standard hours	14				-			
Level above background (dB(A))	Day (OOHW)	14							
	OOHW Period 1	19							
	OOHW Period 2	23							
	Standard hours	4	2		2				
Level above NML (dB(A))	Day (OOHW)	9	2		2				
	OOHW Period 1	14			2				
	OOHW Period 2	18			2				
	Standard Hours	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Additional mitigation measures	Day (OOHW)	N, R1, DR	-	-	-	-	-		-
Additional mitigation measures	OOHW Period 1	N, R1, DR		-	-	-	-	-	-
	OOHW Period 2	V, IB, N, PC, SN, R2, DR	1 1	-	N			-	-

Abbreviation	Measure				
N	Notification				
SN	Specific notifications				
PC	Phone calls				
IB	Individual briefings				
RO	Respite offer				
R1	Respite period 1				
R2	Respite period 2				
DR	Duration respite				
AA	Alternative accommodation				
V	Verification				

BR19

Transport for NSW

Noise Estimator (Individual Plant)



Steps: 1. Enter project name (cell C9). 2. Enter scenario name (cell C10).

Enter receiver address (cell C11).
 Select area ground type (cell C12) - water, undeveloped green fields (e.g. rural areas with isolated dwellings) or developed settlements (e.g. urban and suburban areas)

4. Select area ground type (cell (12) - water, undeveloped green helds (e.g. rural areas with solated dwellings) of developed settlements (e.g. urban and suburban areas)
 5. Select the type of background notes level input - Representative noise environment (to make assumptions) or user input (where noise monitoring data is available):

 (a) where representative noise environment in selected - select the appropriate noise area category (cell C16). The worksheet titled "Representative Noise Environ." provides a number of examples to help select the noise area category.
 (b) where user input is selected - enter the measured background noise level for each time period (cells D17 to D19).
 (c) all plant at the same representative distance that receiver 3 select ' or N (cell C24);
 (c) where V is selected - enter the representative distance in cell C25.

(b) where N is selected - go to step #7
7. For the scenario (e.g. shallow excavation), select plant from the drop-down list in cells A28 to A47 (e.g. dump trucks + excavator).

(c) so use any approximation of the second s

line of sight to receiver' drop-down list.

Identify and implement feasible and reasonable additional mitigation measures (see rows 63 to 65).
 Document a summary report detailing:

(a) project description (including location, duration, hours of work, construction methodology, plant , potentially impacted receivers, etc.).

(b) background noise levels.
(c) noise management levels .
(d) predicted noise levels for each time period.

(e) sleep disturbance affected distance for night works.
 (f) mitigation measures.

(g) team member responsible for implementing mitigation measures and managing noise and vibration. ividual Distances!

Representative distance (m)	Using Indiv

Type/ model plant (See Sources Sheet)	SWL LAeq (dB(A))	SPL @7m (dB(A))	Quantity	Individual distance to receiver (m)	Is there line of sight to receiver? Y/N	Quantity correction (dBA)	Shielding correction (dBA)	Distance used in calculation (m)	Contribution SPL (dB(A))
Front End Loader	113	88	0.75	400	Yes	-1	0	400	45
Vibratory Roller	107	82	0.75	400	Yes	-1	0	400	39
Water cart	108	83	0.75	400	Yes	-1	0	400	40
Vibroplates	114	89	0.5	400	Yes	-3	0	400	44
Light vehicles	103	78	0.2	390	Yes	-7	0	390	29
Light vehicles	103	78	0.2	390	Yes	-7	0	390	29
					Yes	0	0		-888
Mobile Crane	113	88	0.6	295	Yes	-2	0	295	48
Roller	111	86	0.75	295	Yes	-1	0	295	47
Vibroplates	114	89	0.5	265	Yes	-3	0	265	49
					Yes	0	0		-888
					Yes	0	0		-888
					Yes	0	0		-888
					Yes	0	0		-888
					Yes	0	0		-888
					Yes	0	0		-888
					Yes	0	0		-888
					Yes	0	0		-888
					Yes	0	0		-888
					Yes	0	0		-888

Total SPL LAeq(15minute) (dB(A)) 54

					Non-residential receivers				
		Residential receiver	Classroom at schools and other educational institutions	Hospital wards and operating theatres	Place of worship	Active recreation	Passive recreation	Industrial premise	Offices, retail outlets
Standard hours		53	55	65	55	65	60	75	70
Noise Management Level (dB(A))	Day (OOHW)	48	55	65	55	65	60	75	70
Noise management Level (ub(A))	OOHW Period 1	43		65	55	65	60	75	70
	OOHW Period 2	39		65	55			75	70
	Standard hours	11							
Level above background (dB(A))	Day (OOHW)	11	1						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	OOHW Period 1	16							
	OOHW Period 2	20							
	Standard hours	1							
Level above NML (dB(A))	Day (OOHW)	6							
	OOHW Period 1	11							
	OOHW Period 2	15							
Additional mitigation measures	Standard Hours	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Day (OOHW)	N, R1, DR	-	-	-	-	-		-
Additional mitigation measures	OOHW Period 1	N, R1, DR		-	-	-	-	-	-
	OOHW Period 2	V. IB. N. PC. SN. R2. DR	1 1	-	-			-	-

Abbreviation	Measure				
N	Notification				
SN	Specific notifications				
PC	Phone calls				
IB	Individual briefings				
RO	Respite offer				
R1	Respite period 1				
R2	Respite period 2				
DR	Duration respite				
AA	Alternative accommodation				
V	Verification				

ATTACHMENT B – COMMUNITY AGREEMENT LETTER

Coffs Harbour bypass

÷‡• Resident¶ Address¶ Korora--NSW--2450¶ ¶.





Re: Agreement for work outside of approved construction hours on the Coffs Harbour bypass ×

α

14·March·2024

σ

Dear Resident¶

The Australian and NSW Governments are funding the \$2.2 billion, 14-kilometre Coffs Harbour by pass project. The bypass will boost the regional economy and improve connectivity, road transport efficiency and safety for local·and·interstate·motorists.°¶

As-part-of-major-construction,-the-Coffs-harbour-bypass-project-is-building-two-bridge-structures-at-Korora-Hillbetween.Bruxner.Park.Road.and.the.Pacific.Highway,.Korora..Our.approved.construction.hours.are.Monday.to. Friday-from-7am-to-6pm,-and-Saturday-from-8am-to-1pm.-We-are-seeking-your-agreement-to-allow-us-to-workoutside-of-our-approved-construction-hours-on-Saturdays-from-7am-to-8am-and-from-1pm-to-6pm-from-16-Marchto•mid-June•2024.¶

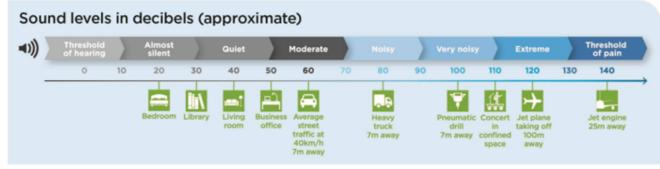
The-work-outside-of-our-approved-construction-hours-will-include:

- → Backfill and compaction of retaining walls
- \rightarrow Bridge retaining wall panel installation.

Equipment-to-be-used-for-this-work-will-be-a-loader-to-move-material-from-stockpile-to-the-bridge-site,-a-skid-steerto-place-material-behind-the-retaining-wall,-a-compactor,-a-smooth-drum-roller-and-a-water-cart-for-dustsuppression.·Panels·will·be·installed·using·a·franna·crane·and·hand·tools.·¶

We have assessed the potential environmental impacts of this work and have determined that the key potential impacts-are-associated-with-increased-noise-levels-and-dust-generation.-This-work-should-not-be-overly-intrusiveto-your-outdoor-amenity. "The-predicted-noise-levels-are-expected-to-be-between-quiet-to-moderate."-Theillustration·below·is·provided·to·help·explain·these·noise·levels.⁰⁰

Comparison of noise levels



To ensure compliance and mitigate impacts of this work, we will:

- $\bullet \rightarrow consult \cdot with \cdot directly \cdot impacted \cdot residents \cdot and \cdot obtain \cdot agreement \cdot from \cdot a \cdot substantive \cdot majority \cdot ahead \cdot of \cdot the \cdot work \cdot starting \cdot and \cdot during \cdot work \cdot \P$
- → monitor·noise, dust and vibration <u>levels</u>¶
- $\bullet \rightarrow turn \cdot off \cdot plant \cdot and \cdot machinery \cdot when \cdot not \cdot in \cdot \underline{use} \P$
- $\bullet \rightarrow position \cdot plant \cdot and \cdot equipment \cdot as \cdot far \cdot from \cdot nearby \cdot neighbours \cdot as \cdot possible \P$
- $\bullet \rightarrow instruct \cdot workers \cdot to \cdot keep \cdot noise \cdot to \cdot a \cdot \underline{minimum} \P$
- $\bullet \rightarrow use \cdot water \cdot carts \cdot and \cdot soil \cdot binders \cdot to \cdot reduce \cdot dust \cdot where \cdot possible, \cdot focusing \cdot on \cdot high \cdot traffic \cdot areas within \cdot the \cdot project \cdot boundary. \P$

Location of work



¶ ¶ Contact¶

Translating-and-interpreting-service¶

If-you-have-any-questions-or-acomplaint,-please-contact-theproject-team-on-1800-550-621-orcommunity@chbteam.com.au¤



If·you·need·help·understanding·this· information,·please-contact-the· Translating·and·Interpreting·Service· on 131·450·and·ask·them·to·call·us·on↔ 1800·550·621¤

α

T

Conditions of agreement °T

This-program-of-work-is-a-proposal.-We-are-seeking-your-agreement-to-allow-us-to-work-outside-of-our-approvedconstruction-hours.·By-signing-this-document,-you-confirm-that-you-agree-to-the-work-described-within-thiscorrespondence.·At·any·point·you·can·withdraw·this·agreement·by·contacting·the·project·team.·The·Project·team· will-continue-to-engage-with-you-during-this-period-to-ensure-your-continuing-agreement.

Agreement-bridge-work-outside-of-approved-construction-hours[®]

Name:	0	
-		

As-the-resident-of-ADDRESS,-I-agree-to-the-Coffs-Harbour-bypass-project's-request-to-work-outside-of-approvedconstruction hours on Saturdays from 7 am to 8 am and from 1 pm to 6 pm.º™T

This agreement covers the period from March 2024 to June 2024.∞1

I-agree/do-not-agree-to-a-copy-of-this-document-being-provided-to-the-NSW-Environmental-Protection-Agency.-Iunderstand-that-I-can-withdraw-this-agreement-at-any-time.⁰⁰⁰1

٩

Signature_____Date:-_____Date:-_____Date:-_____Date:-_____Date:-_____Date:-_____Date:-_____Date:-___Date:-___Date:-___Date:-___Date:-___Date:-___Date:-___Date:-___Date:-___Date:-___Date:-__Date:-___Date:-___Date:-___Date:-_Date:-

°٦

٩

Once-this-signed-agreement-is-provided-to-you-by-the-Coffs-Harbour-bypass-team,-it-will-serve-as-the-officialnotification.of.work..¶

ATTACHMENT C – NOISE VERIFICATION MONITORING FOR BRIDGE 19

NOISE MONITORING FIELD SHEET



Date:		23/03/202	4	Conducted by	r: Ar	Anna			
Purpose: (OOHW if applicable)	Pemit No.	Communit	Community Agreement Validation (OOWP #92)						
Monitoring Location: (Attach map or mark up as required)		HP1: 55df	W1 20 / 40 / 40 / 40 / 40 / 40 / 40 / 40 /						
		NCA:	20 / 23		NML:	40	/ 48 dBA		
Monitoring Set Up photo if possible)	o (take	⊠ Field Field (>3.5m away from wall) □ 1m from Façade (* <u>deduct 2.5dB from all measurements</u>)							
Weather:		Fine, sunny, no wind (0m/s)							
Activities / Works distance from the r source)		RSW Works → Front End Loader (FEL) on access track and Posi at BR19 operating Modelled Noise Prediction: 53 dBA							
Instrumentation (r S/N):	model and	SVAN 971	SN: 124741						
Field Calibration Measurement:		Before:	113.97		After:	11	4.00		
Monitoring Event	Notes:			I					
Time Started:	7:30 AM			Duration	:		15		
 Please include duration category (i.e. constant, intermittent, one-off) and actual duration (i.e. 5 mins) 7:30am: 70-73dBA – FEL sheeting access track (approx. 25-30m from monitor) 64-67dBA – FEL engine noise 69-70dBA – FEL scraping bucket along ground / spreading gravel 7:32am: FEL heading to stockpile (approx. 170m away) 58-60dBA – Posi spreading material at BR19 & highway traffic 56-57dBA – Posi dominant during lull in traffic & FEL engine in distance 7:34am: 67-68dBA – FEL engine noise on access track 71-73dBA – FEL scraping bucket on ground / spreading gravel 7:35am: FEL moving out of work area 60-62dBA – FEL reversing squawker & Posi engine 7:36am: 56dBA – Posi moving and placing material 						mins)			

- 53dBA pause in works, only traffic on highway
- 57-58dBA Posi working at BR19, FEL at laydown
- 7:37am: 58-59dBA FEL coming back to access track & Posi at BR19
- 68-70dBA FEL sheeting access track
- 7:39am: 58-59dBA Posi dominant, FEL engine idle
- 69-70dBA FEL engine accelerating
 - Short peaks at 72-74dBA (approx). 2-4s during FEL operations
- 7:43am: 62-63 Posi and workers shovelling gravel dominant, FEL engine in distance
- 7:44am: 57-60dBA Posi placing material

Total Sound Levels (nearest whole dB)						
LAeq*	67		LAF90*	56		
LAFmax*	88		LAF10*	70		
Summary						
Dominant Noise Source:		Construction – FEL sheeting access track was the dominant noise source. Posi was barely audible during FEL operation.				
Estimated Construction Contribution (dBA):		 67dBA – all construction 59dBA – Posi at BR19 				
Monitoring Conclusion:		Works in line approved impact as agreed to with aftected residents.				
Additional mitigation / management required?		N/A				

NOISE MONITORING FIELD SHEET



Date:		23/03/202	4	Conducted by:	: Ar	nna	
Purpose: (OOHW if applicable)	Pemit No.	Community Agreement Validation (OOWP #92)					
Monitoring Location: (Attach map or mark up as required)		MP1: 55dBA.at 254m, MP2: 69dBA at 70m, MP3: 62dBA at 134m					
		NCA:	20 / 23		NML:	40 / 48 dBA	
Monitoring Set Up (take photo if possible)		Field Field (>3.5m away from wall) 1m from Façade (* <u>deduct 2.5dB from all measurements</u>)					
Weather:		Fine, sunny, no wind (0m/s)					
Activities / Works: (Note distance from the noise source)		RSW Works → Compaction works w/ Posi, plate compactor, vibratory roller, Loading operations with moxy & Front End Loader (FEL). Steel fixing on adjacent abutment. Modelled Noise Prediction: 53 dBA at 2000, 52 dBA at 1					
Instrumentation (model and S/N):		SVAN 971 SN: 124741					
Field Calibration Measurement:		Before:	113.97		After:	114.00	
Monitoring Event	Notes:						
Time Started:	8:33 AM			Duration:		15	
 Please include duration category (i.e. constant, intermittent, one-off) and actual duration (i.e. 5 mins) 8:33am: 57-58dBA – Posi, roller and compactor Jumps to 60dBA with roller squawker reversing alarm 62-63dBA – Posi, roller and compactor 8:36am: 66-70dBA – moxy reversing squawker 61dBA – general hum of BR19 compaction works 8:36am: 68dBA – FEL loading moxy (noisy short peak ~2-3s when first loaded dropped into back of truck) 61-62dBA – FEL reversing squawker, BR19 compaction works 8:39am: 63dBA – FEL loading moxy (much quieter after first load went in). <i>Note: moxy engine idle not audible during loading or bridge works</i>. 8:40am: 63-65dBA FEL manoeuvring to load moxy & BR19 compaction works 							

• 62-63dBA - noise from gravel dropping into back of moxy.& BR19 compaction works

- 8:43am: 63-64dBA plate compactor audible/BR19 compaction works, FEL engine noise.
- 8:45am: 64-66 FEL engine idling + BR19 compaction works
- 8:46am: moxy still idle and being loaded
- 8:47am: 59-61dBA BR19 compaction works only (no roller). Short peaks of 63dBA

Total Sound Levels (nearest whole dB)						
LAeq*	63		LAF90*	61		
LAFmax*	75	75		65		
Summary						
Dominant Noise Source:		Construction – RSW works Note: Bridge compaction works are generally a continous noise source (i.e. hum) and FEL/Moxy works are more internittent.				
Estimated Construction Contribution (dBA):		63dBA				
Monitoring Conclusion:		Works in line approved impact as agreed to with aftected residents.				
Additional mitigation / management required?		N/A				

NOISE MONITORING FIELD SHEET



Date:		23/03/2024	4	Conducted by	: An	na	
Purpose: (OOHW Pemit No. if applicable)		Community Agreement Validation (OOWP #92)					
If applicable) Monitoring Location: (Attach map or mark up as required)		BPR BPR BPR B					
		NCA:	20 / 23		NML:	40 / 48 dBA	
Monitoring Set Up (take photo if possible)		Field Field (>3.5m away from wall) 1m from Façade (* <u>deduct 2.5dB from all measurements</u>)					
Weather:		Fine, sunny, no wind (0m/s)					
Activities / Works: (Note distance from the noise source)		RSW Works → Compaction works w/ Posi, plate compactor, vibratory roller, Loading operations with moxy & Front End Loader (FEL). Steel fixing on adjacent abutment. Modelled Noise Prediction: 53 dBA at 53 BPR, 52 dBA at 15 BPR					
Instrumentation (model and S/N):		SVAN 971 SN: 124741					
Field Calibration Measurement:		Before:	113.97		After:	114.00	
Monitoring Event	Notes:						
Time Started:	me Started: 9:03 AM		Duration	:	15		
 Please include duration category (i.e. constant, intermittent, one-off) and actual duration (i.e. 5 mins) 9:03am: 50-51dBA – BR19 works (roller, Posi, plate compactor) & traffic 51-52dBA – BR19 works & loader manoeuvring on site (at laydown area) Note: BR19 works are hardly discernible from traffic noise 9:05am: 49-50dBA – BR19 works with light traffic on highway 53-55dBA – loader engine accelerating near BR18 9:09am: 51-52dBA – Loader, Posi and traffic 9:10am: 56-59dBA – 70t excavator tracking at Cut16 (louder than bridge works) Jumps to 60-641dBA with traffic on highway 9:13am: 51-52dBA – BR19 compaction works (Posi, WC) and traffic 9:14am: 55-60dBA – excavator tracking again at Cut 16 & roller on BR19 9:16am: 51-52dBA – BR19 vibratory rolling & traffic 							

- 9:16am: 51dBA BR19 plate compactor and vibratory roller 9:17am: pause in bridge works, traffic only at 49-50dBA ٠
- •

Total Sound Levels (nearest whole dB)						
LAeq*	54		LAF90*	50		
LAFmax*	63		LAF10*	57		
Summary						
Dominant Noise Source:		Construction (RSW works) and traffic				
Estimated Construction Contribution (dBA):		 54dBA – construction and traffic 52dBA – construction only 				
Monitoring Conclusion:		Works in line approved impact as agreed to with aftected residents.				
Additional mitigation / management required?		Reversing alarm on Coates water cart to be swapped out for squawker only.				